How do I find the name of a lawyer?
- Ask a friend, especially one who has had a similar situation as yours, for the name of his or her lawyer;
- Ask a professional person for a recommendation—such as a doctor, minister, social worker, banker, or business person whom you know and trust;
- Call San Antonio Bar Association lawyer referral service (210.227.1853). If there is no lawyer referral service in your area, call toll-free 1-877-9TEXBAR from anywhere in Texas to reach the statewide Lawyer Referral Service;
- Visit your local library. Many libraries have law directories, such as the Texas Legal Directory or Martindale-Hubbell, which give a brief biography of lawyers practicing in your area and elsewhere; and telephone directories contain listings of attorneys in your area. Some attorneys will list the areas of law in which they prefer to practice. Others show themselves as being “board certified” in one or more specific areas of law, which means that the lawyer has met certain criteria established by the Texas Board of Legal Specialization.

How do I choose a lawyer?
Before you make an appointment to see a lawyer, call the offices of the lawyers on your list. Find out with whom you are speaking, briefly explain your legal problem and ask:
- Does the lawyer have experience with your situation?
- Does the lawyer charge for an initial interview? If so, what is the charge?
- If you believe your situation is routine: Does the lawyer have a standard fee for this kind of situation? What does the fee cover?
- If your situation is more complicated or the lawyer does not have a standard fee: What is the lawyer’s hourly fee?
- Does the lawyer provide a written agreement describing fees and services provided for the fees?
- Keep a list of the information and think about the answers you receive from the lawyers or their office representatives. Then call back to make an appointment with the attorney whose answers satisfied you the most.

How do I prepare and what should I take to the first interview?
Plan to go to the first interview with an open mind. You do not have to decide to employ the lawyer with whom you are interviewing until you have had time to think about the interview. When you go to your initial meeting, it is important to have with you a written summary or detailed notes about your situation.
Prepare a list of questions for the lawyer, such as:
- Are you specialized and/or experienced in my type of problem?
- Will you or one of your associates be handling my case?
- Will you regularly contact me about my case’s status?
- Will I be able to make the final decision on my case?
Will I be provided with copies of all important documents, and will there be a charge for those documents?  
What is your estimate of time needed to complete my case?

REMEMBER: When you hire a lawyer, the lawyer will be working for you. He or she should be genuinely interested in your problem and in giving you the best possible advice. The lawyer may not be able to accomplish everything you wish because of the facts or the laws that apply in your case.

What should I expect of my lawyer and what will he or she expect of me?  
Here are a few tips about what to expect from your lawyer. Your lawyer should:
- Give you frank, honest advice;
- Tell you the strong and weak points of your case;
- Keep you informed and follow your instructions, within the bounds of the law;
- Protect and defend you. He or she should not make any agreements or take on any obligation which might jeopardize your rights or interests;
- While representing you, not represent any other client whose interests conflict with yours;
- Provide you, if you ask, with copies of all letters and documents involved in your case;
- Provide an itemized bill of all work done for you and all expenses incurred on your behalf.

How much will the lawyer charge me for his or her services?  
The lawyer’s fee depends upon many variables, such as amount of time, the difficulty of the work, the skill required, the customary fee in your area for similar work, the experience, reputation and ability of the lawyer, and whether the fee is a set amount or contingent on the outcome of the case. Some fee arrangements are:
- Flat fee: the lawyer may quote you a set amount or standard fee that he or she has arrived at for your type of legal problem. In addition, lawyers usually expect you to pay court costs and to reimburse them for out-of-pocket expenses, such as travel or copying expenses. It is important that you find out what any fixed fee covers.
- Hourly fee: A lawyer may prefer to bill you by the hour. Such fees may vary widely depending upon the complexity of the legal work, the skill of the lawyer and whether there are time deadlines. You may wish to try to negotiate with a lawyer on his or her hourly rates. If you agree to an hourly arrangement, you and the lawyer could include a provision in your contract requiring the lawyer not to exceed a specified amount of time or money without obtaining your permission. Insist that you be kept advised every month of the number of hours that the lawyer is spending on your problem. You also have the right to ask for a written explanation of what the lawyer did during the hours he or she worked on your case.
- Retainer: Some lawyers also require an advance fee called a retainer. Ask the attorney what this covers. Occasionally, the retainer is a flat fee that will cover the lawyer’s services regardless of the amount of time the lawyer spends working for you. So, it is important to ask whether there will be a refund if the attorney does not spend as much time on the problem as provided for by the retainer.

What if I have a problem with my lawyer?  
If you have a problem with your lawyer, you should first discuss it with him or her. Try to work out any problems. If the problems cannot be worked out, it is your right to fire your lawyer and to hire someone else to represent you. If the situation occurs before your legal problem is settled, you should expect to pay a portion of the fee to the lawyer for time already spent. The lawyer has an obligation to return your file. If you believe your lawyer has not acted in your best interests and has thereby done something illegal or unethical, you may wish to file a grievance against your lawyer. In such circumstances, contact your local bar association or the State Bar of Texas in San Antonio 210.227.1853.

Adapted from the State Bar of Texas website www.texasbar.com and www.utexas.edu. This information is not intended to be a substitute for the legal advice of a licensed attorney. If you have any questions regarding a particular issue or topic we suggest you seek legal counsel.